

# ECHOES and REFLECTIONS

A Multimedia Curriculum on the Holocaust



## Sol Liber

Sol Liber was born on December 3, 1923, in Grojec, [Poland](#), to Sana and Shayndel Liber. He had two brothers: Yitzak and Rafael, and three sisters: Esther, Schayva, and Tishel. His father leased orchards from farmers and sold the agricultural products to the markets in [Warsaw](#). The family lived an observant Jewish life. Sol went to a public school which he remembered had mostly Jewish students.

In 1939, when the [German Army](#) invaded Poland, Sol and his family were forced to move to the Grojec [ghetto](#). A few months later, they were transferred to the [Warsaw ghetto](#). Sol's brother, Rafael, later became ill with typhoid fever and died. Sol sneaked in and out of the ghetto in order to work on farms to get food. He continued to move from farm to farm until he was asked to join an underground [resistance](#) group in the ghetto. He later participated in the [Warsaw Ghetto Uprising](#) in 1943.

In April 1943, after the uprising was suppressed by the Germans, Sol and his sisters, parents, and brother, Yitzak, were deported to [Treblinka](#). Sol's parents and sisters were selected to be killed in the [gas chambers](#). The brothers were separated when Sol was sent back with a few hundred others to clean up the Warsaw ghetto. Afterward, Sol was deported to [Majdanek](#). After a short time, he was transferred to Skarzysko-



## Visual History Biographic Profiles

Kamienna, a labor camp, where he worked in an ammunitions factory. The [Soviet Army](#) was approaching near the end of 1944, and Sol and the other prisoners were transferred to Tschenschow, a [concentration camp](#) in Poland. He was only there for a short while before being transferred to [Buchenwald](#) where he worked in nearby salt mines. With the Soviets advancing, Sol and the other prisoners were forced to march out of the camp to an unknown destination. It was during this [forced march](#) that Sol was [liberated](#) on May 6, 1945.

After his liberation, Sol was reunited with his brother, Yitzak, and together they went to a [displaced persons' camp](#) in Germany. They obtained French work visas and immigrated to Paris. In 1949, the two brothers immigrated to [Canada](#). Sol met his future wife, Bella, in Montreal and the couple was married in 1953.

In 1957, Sol and Bella immigrated to Los Angeles, California, and had three children: Sheldon, Susan, and Rodney. Sol worked as a tailor and eventually bought his own factory and built a large company. In 1980, Sol sold the factory and retired. At the time of Sol's interview in 1994, he and his wife had five grandchildren: Becky, Daniel, Elizabeth, Jacob, and Tamara.

To learn more about Sol Liber, please go to [Full Visual Histories](#) to view his complete testimony.

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